

Revision slip – Home Work – Geo. Ch-1 – India - Size and Location 07/09/2019

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 Discuss the location setting of India?

Q 2 How was India divided administratively before 1947?

Q 3 What do you understand by Standard Meridian?

Q 4 The central location of India at the head of the Indian Ocean is considered of great significance. Support your answer with three reasons?

Q 5 The latitudinal and longitudinal expanse is about 30° but the east – west expanse seems to be smaller than the north – south expanse. Why?

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Q1. Why is eastern most state of India called Arunachal Pradesh?

Q2. What is the significance of the great longitudinal extent of India?

Q3. Why is India said to be a country of vast expanse?

Q4. Give reason as to why Ahmadabad and Kolkata can experience sun overhead twice a year and Delhi cannot?

Q5. What is the Latitudinal and Longitudinal extent of India?

Q6. Why is Meghalaya a suitable name for the eastern state of India?

Q 7 Why do we consider India as a Subcontinent?

Q 8 Give reasons why India stands apart from Asia?

Q9. Why India is considered as Peninsula?

Q10. The latitudinal and longitudinal expanse is about 30° but the east – west expanse seems to be smaller than the north – south expanse. Why?

Revision slip – Home Work – Geo. Ch-2 – Physical features of India 09/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 Why is the Chota Nagpur plateau known as the storehouse of minerals?

Q 2 Which is the two broad classification of peninsular plateau?

Q 3 What is a Doab?

Q 4 What is an Alluvial Plain.

Q 5 What is Duns?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 What is plate tectonic?

Q 2 Name the sections of western coast.

Q 3 What is the major physiographic divisions of India?

Q 4 Write a short note on Purvachal.

Q 5 Differentiate between divergence and the convergence movement of plates.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Q 1 Write Short notes on- 1. Islands of Arabian sea, 2. Islands of Bay of Bengal.

Q 2 Differentiate between the Western Ghats and the Eastern Ghats.

Q 3 Write short note on the Northern plains of India.

Q 4 Categories the northern plains on the basis of alluvium.

Q 5 Write short note on the Indian desert (Thar Desert).

Revision slip – Home Work – Geo. Ch-3 – Drainage 11/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 What is an estuary?

Q 2 What is meant by a drainage basin?

Q 3 Name the two head streams of Ganga.

Q 4 What is meant by water divide? Give an example.

Q 5 Which river makes the border of India and Pakistan?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 Describe the role of rivers in the economy.

Q 2 Where do the river Ganga and Indus have their origin?

Q 3 Explain main features of the Brahmaputra River system.

Q 4 What is National River Conservation Plan? Mention any three features.

Q 5 Explain features of Ganga Action Plan (GAP).

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Q 1 Write short note on lakes.

Q 2 Write the salient features of the Ganga-Brahmaputra Delta.

Q3.Explain the Drainage Patterns.

Q4 What is the main activity of glacier?

Q 5 Which River is called the Dakshin Ganga? Why?

Revision slip – Home Work – Demo.Pol.Ch-2- What is Democracy? Why Democracy? 12/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 Which party has been ruling Zimbabwe? Who is its leader?

Q 2 What was China's famine of 1958-1961?

Q 3 What was the major decision taken by General Pervez Musharaff in 1999?

Q 4 What is the most common form of democracy in today's world?

Q 5 On what basic principles the new Republic of South Africa was based in 1994?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 Discuss features of a democratic government?

Q 2 Democracy leads to better decision than any non-democratic governments. Explain.

Q 3 A democratic government is a better government because it is more accountable form of government. Do you agree or not?

Q 4 Zimbabwe is not considered as a democratic country. Why?

Q 5 What is the demerits of a democratic form of government?

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Q 1 Why Pakistan cannot be considered as a democratic country? Explain the conditions of today's Pakistan.

Q 2 Each of these statements contains democratic and undemocratic elements. Write out the two separately for each statement.

(a) A minister said that some laws have to be passed by the parliament in order to confirm the regulations decided by the World Trade Organization.

(b) The Election Commission ordered re-polling in a constituency where large scale rigging was reported.

(c) Women's representation in the parliament has never reached 10%. This led women's organizations to demand 1/3rd seats for women.

Q 3 Why was China and Mexico not regarded as democracies, despite holding elections?

Q 4 Lay down the tenets of good democracy. Give any recent example from India to support your answer.

Q 5 Following are some information about four countries, l, m, n, and o based on this Information, how would you classify each of these countries? Write "democratic", "undemocratic" or "not sure" against each of these.

- P) Country l: People who do not accept the country's official religion do not have a right to vote
- Q) Country m: The same party has been winning elections for the last Twenty years
- R) Country n: Ruling party has lost in the last three elections
- S) Country o: There is no independent election commission

Revision slip – Home Work – Demo.Pol.Ch-3- Constitutional Design 13/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

- Q 1 What is a coup?
- Q 2 What is Preamble?
- Q 3 What was Apartheid?
- Q 4 Define Republic.
- Q 5 What is the meaning of constitutional amendment?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

- Q 1 Why was the Constitution of India enforced on the 26 January only?
- Q 2 When and why was A.N.C formed?
- Q 3 Why has the Parliament been given the right to amend the Constitution?
- Q 4 Briefly explain the philosophy of the Constitution.
- Q 5 Explain the significance of a Written Constitution.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

- Q 1 What is a constitution? Why it is needed?
- Q 2 Mention any four features of the Indian constitution.
- Q 3 Explain briefly the struggle against Apartheid in South Africa.
- Q 4 What is significance of the constitution? Highlight the political rights granted to the people of South Africa with the adoption of the new constitution?
- Q 5 Explain the meaning and significance of the preamble.

Revision slip – Home Work – Demo.Pol.Ch-4- Electoral Politics 14/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

- Q 1 Who can stand for Election?
- Q 2 What is Universal Adult Franchise?
- Q 3 What is the present composition of the Election Commission?
- Q 4 Define factionalism.
- Q 5 Define electorate.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

- Q 1 Why Mrs. Indira Gandhi gave the slogan of Garibi Hatao in the Lok Sabha elections of 1971?
- Q 2 Why is political parties agents present during counting of votes in the Polling Booth station?
- Q 3 Why is it necessary to regulate election campaigns & what are the election laws in this respect?
- Q 4 What is a reserved constituency?
- Q 5 Why is elections important in modern democracies?

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

- Q 1 What is the major challenges and limitations of Indian elections?
- Q 2 What powers are enjoyed by the Election commission?
- Q 3 What are the minimum conditions that makes elections democratic in nature?
- Q 4 What is the minimum educational qualifications for the political leaders to contest the elections?
- Q 5 Differentiate between General Election and By-Election.

Revision slip – Home Work – Economics Ch-1- The story of village Palampur 16/09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

1. Sugarcane crushing undertaken in the village is what type of activity?
2. What is the main economic activity in village Palampur?
3. Identify which out of land, seeds, machinery and building is in the category of working capital.
4. Which crop out of rice, sugarcane or wheat is a kharif crop?
5. In which season wheat is grown in Palampur village?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

1. Distinguish between Land and Capital.
2. What is the aim of production? State any four requirements needed for production of goods and services.
3. What is physical capital? What are its different types? Explain each type.
4. What are HYV seeds? Write its merit and a limitation.
5. State the importance of growing more than one crop on a piece of land.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

1. Explain the different methods to increase production from the same area of land, giving some example.
2. How does a small farmer with only 1 hectare of land do his farming? Explain the problem he faces.
3. Explain the economic conditions of the village Palampur.
4. What is Green Revolution? How did it solve the food crisis in India?
5. How can one grow more than one crop on the same piece of land? Explain.

Revision slip – Home Work – Economics Ch-2- People as Resource 16 /09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

1. For better economic growth, which investments in human resources should be done, either in modern technology, in healthcare and education, in food and drink or in transportation?
2. Construction is an activity of which sector?
3. Sprinkling crops with insecticide is an activity of which sector?
4. What is the name of the school set in each district by the government for talented students of rural area?
5. Which person out of a farm labourer, a construction worker and a miner is having seasonal employment?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

1. Why is human capital the most important factor of production?
2. What is meant by 'People as Resource'? How is human resource different from other resources like land and physical capitals?
3. Distinguish between Market and Non-market activities.
4. What is the purpose of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan? What are its goals?
5. Distinguish between Physical capital and Human capital.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

1. What are the two types of unemployment found in rural areas? How does unemployment affect the overall growth of an economy?
2. What are the objectives of India's National Policy on Health? Suggest the ways in which the policy objectives can be met.
3. How can large population be turned into a productive asset? Explain.
4. "Human resource is an indispensable factor of production". Justify.
5. Distinguish between educated parents and uneducated parents.

Revision slip – Home Work – History Ch-1- French Revolution 17 /09/2019

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 What was the main aim of the national assembly?

Q 2 What is a "Guillotine"? Who invented it?

Q 3 Who was Napoleon Bonaparte? Name the two laws passed by him?

Q 4 What is the National Anthem of France and who composed it?

Q 5 Who was Rousseau? Name any of his famous works.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

Q 1 What were the meanings of the following symbols – The broken chain, the scepter, the Blue-white-red, the bundle of rods, the Red Phrygian cap and the winged woman?

Q 2 What was the social structure of France before the Revolution of 1789?

Q 3 What was the impact of the French revolution on France?

Q 4 Explain how the growing middle class envisaged an end to the privileges which were enjoyed by birth?

Q 5 Explain how the new political system worked in the France?

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Q 1 Describe the role of the philosophers in the French revolution?

Q 2 Explain the women role during the revolutionary years?

Q 3 What was the causes for the outbreak of the revolutionary protest in France?

Q 4 Compare the Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen with the manifesto drafted by Olympe de Gouges.

Q 5 How did the slave trade begin in the French colonies in the 17th century?

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

What was the root of all evils in society, according to socialism?

Name the ruler of Russia at the start of the First World War.

Which group of workers were regarded as aristocrats among workers?

What was 'Cheka' in Russia after the revolution?

In the context of Russia, what was 'Kolkhoz'?

SHORT ANSWER QUESTION

'Liberals of European states were not democratic'. Justify the statement by giving examples.

What was the contribution of Karl Marx in beginning about the Russian Revolution of 1917?

What were the conditions of the workers under Tsar Rule in Russia?

Discuss the relationship between peasants and nobles in Russia during early 19th century.

What was Duma? How far was it successful?

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL-

Describe the main events of the October Revolution in Russia.

Explain the views of socialist on private property. Name the international body set-up to spread and coordinate their efforts.

What were the different notions of Liberals, Radicals and Conservatives regarding new formation of the government in Russia?

Explain the socio-economic conditions of Russia at the beginning of the 20th century.

What were the impacts of the Russian Revolution in Russia?